

On **Guillotine** Separable Packings for the **Two-dimensional** Geometric **Knapsack** Problem

Amatya Sharma
IIT Kharagpur

Joint work with:

Arindam Khan

IISc Bangalore

Arnab Maiti

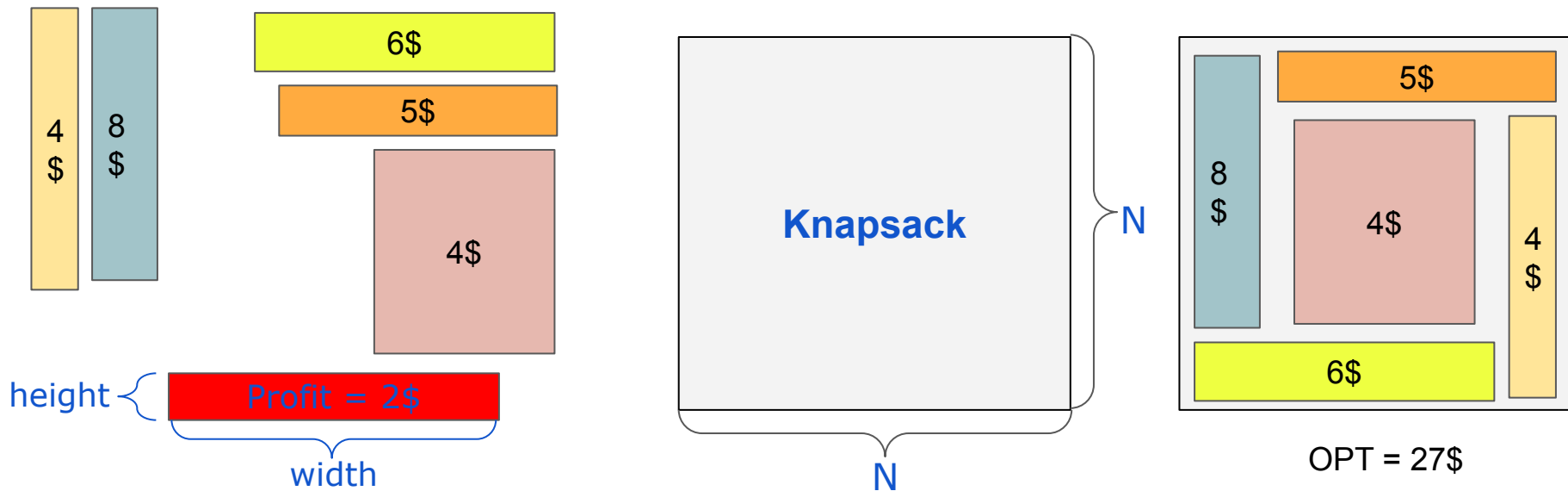
IIT Kharagpur

Andreas Wiese

Universidad de Chile

2D Geometric Knapsack

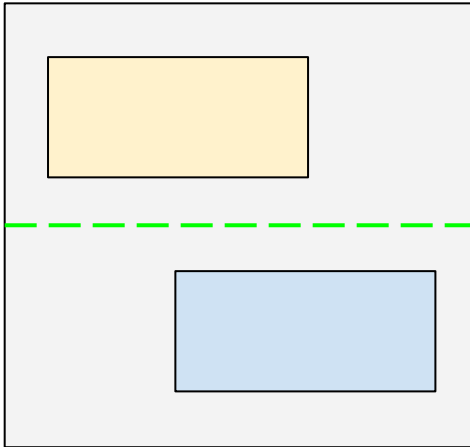
- Input:
 - Items : Axis Parallel Rectangles
 - Knapsack : $N \times N$ Square
- Goal : Pack most profitable **non-overlapping** subset of items



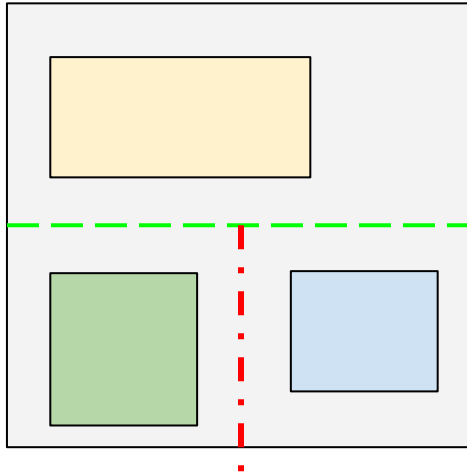
Guillotine Separability

Each item can be “cut” out using axis parallel end-to-end cuts

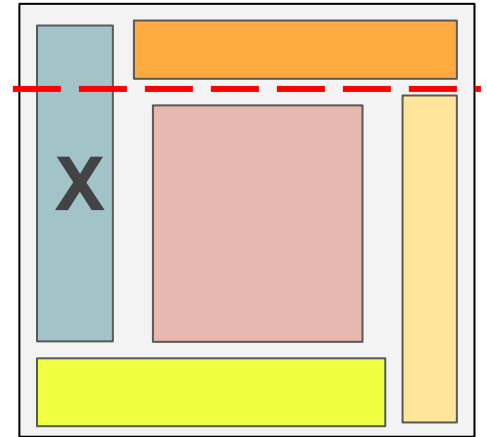
Guillotine Separable



Guillotine Separable

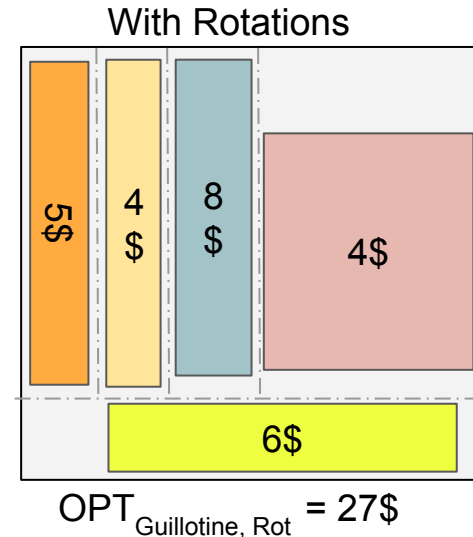
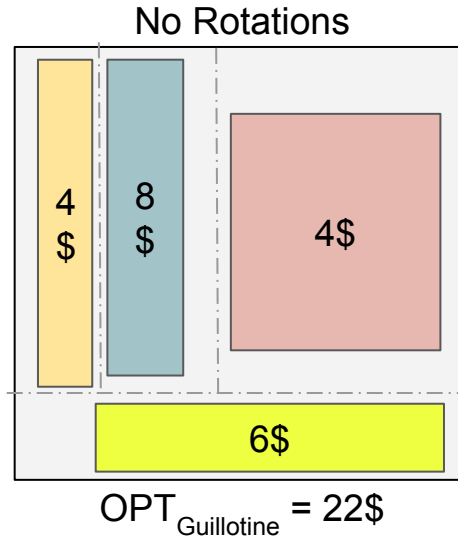
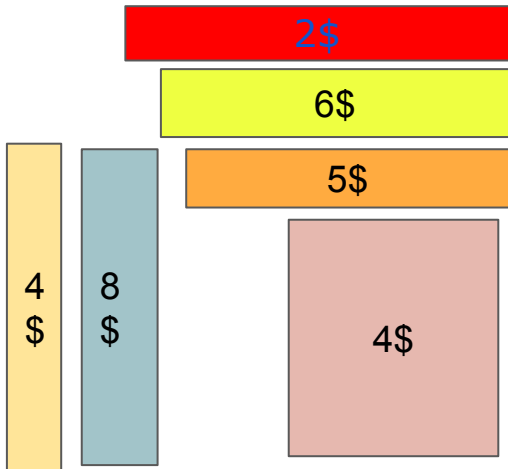


Not Guillotine Separable

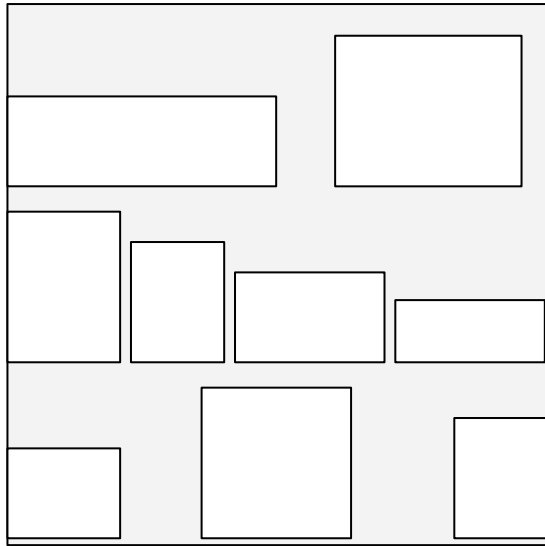


2D Guillotine Knapsack

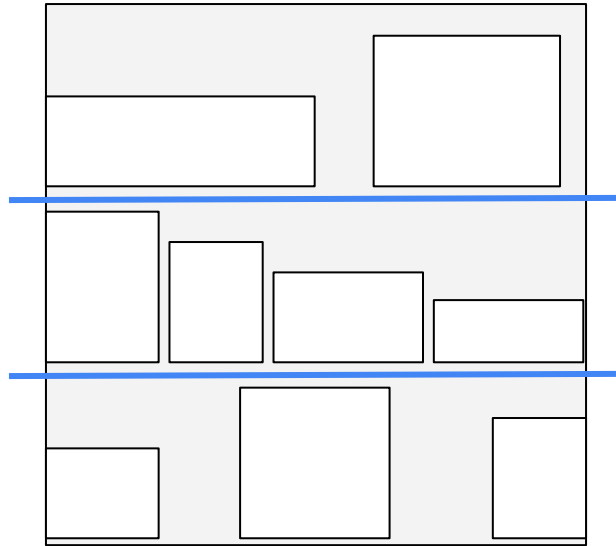
- Input
 - Knapsack : $N \times N$ Square
 - Items : Axis Parallel Rectangles
- Goal : Pack most profitable subset of items such that items are
 - Non-Overlapping
 - Guillotine Separable



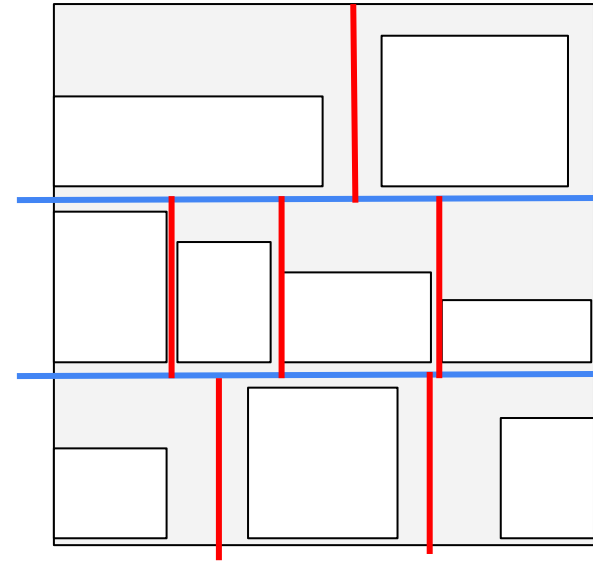
A Guillotine Separable Packing



Packing



First Stage Cuts



Second Stage Cuts

Variants & Prior Results

- Variants
 - **Rotated** Case: Items can be rotated by 90°
 - **Cardinality** Case: All Profits = 1
- NP-Hard
- $(3 + \epsilon)$ -approximation [Jansen and Zhang, SODA'04]
- Cardinality Case: **QPTAS** with **quasi-polynomially bounded input** [Abed et al, Approx'15]

Our Results

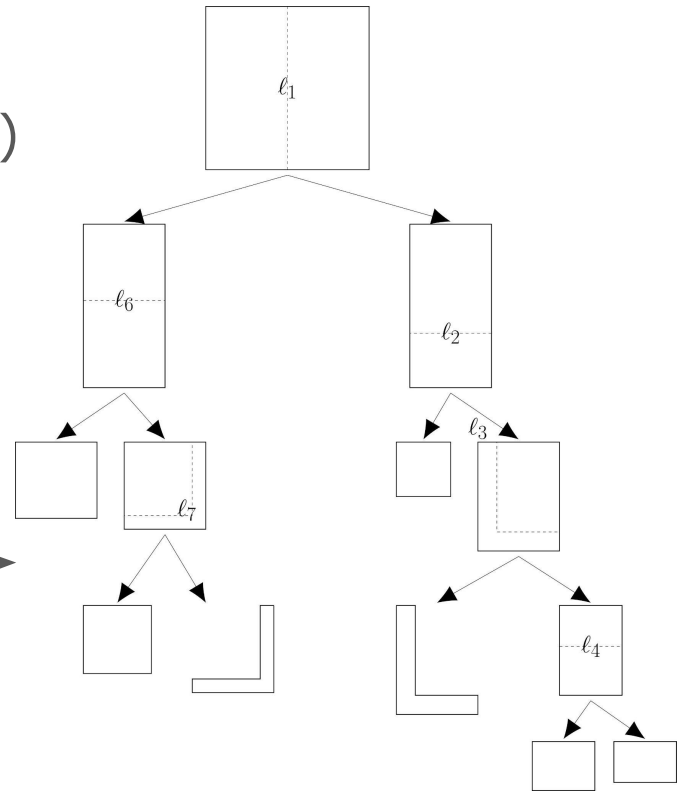
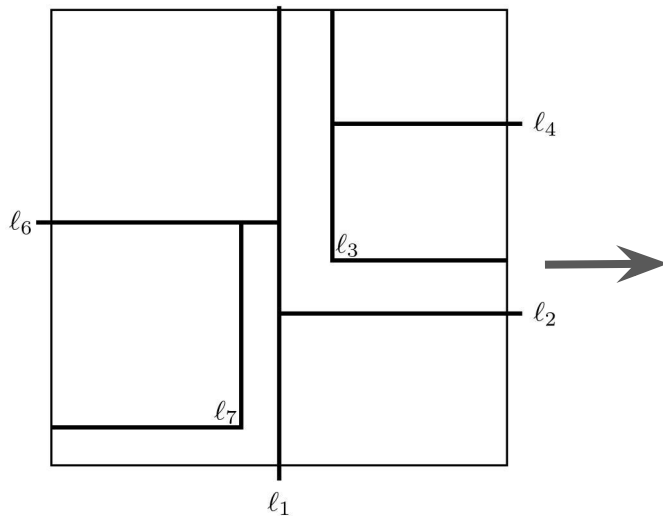
- Pseudo-Polynomial Time Approximation Scheme (PPTAS): $(1 + \epsilon)$ -approximation with pseudo-polynomial running time.
- Input numbers are all polynomially bounded in n

Our Techniques

- **Structural Lemma:** Existence of near-optimal “nicely” structured solutions
- **Guessing the Packing:** Guess the nice packing in $(nN)^{O_\varepsilon(1)}$

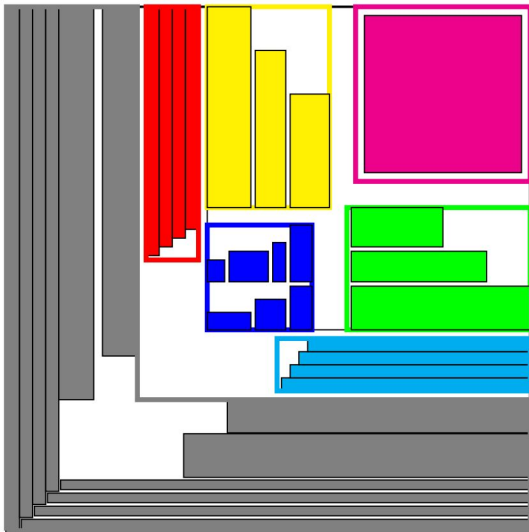
Structural Lemma

- Existence of packing in:
 - $O_\varepsilon(1)$ L or box pseudo-guillotine separable Compartments
 - Near-optimal ($1+\varepsilon$ - approximate)
 - Nicely packed



Guessing Near-Optimal Packing

- Guess $O_\epsilon(1)$ L- or box- Compartments
- Assign & Pack Items
 - box-Compartment : Use GAP -> NFDH
 - L-Compartment : Use algorithm adapted from recent work by Galvez et al (SoCG'21)



Can be extended to
case where 90°
rotations are allowed

Thank You!!

Questions?

There will be a detailed talk next week in SoCG'21